Managing Anxiety in Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) A Brief "Primer"

(For a longer 1.5-hour version of this talk, please see: https://www.autism.org/webinars/autism-anxiety/)



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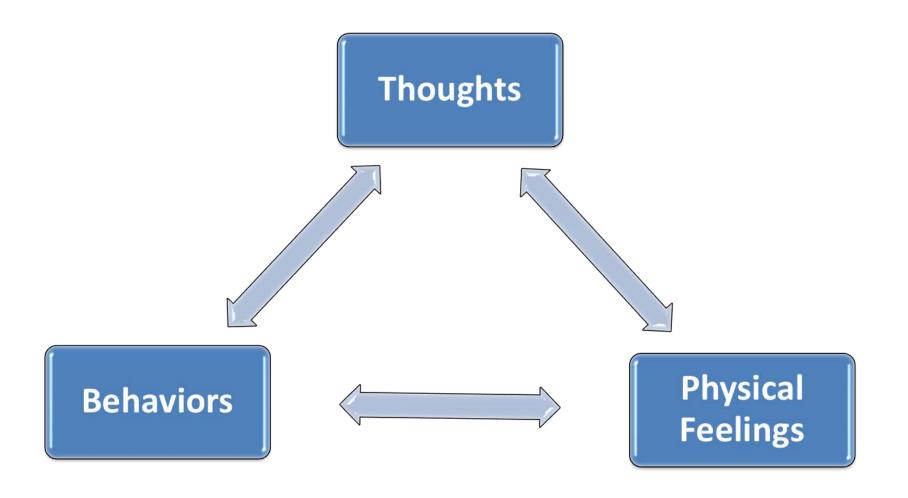
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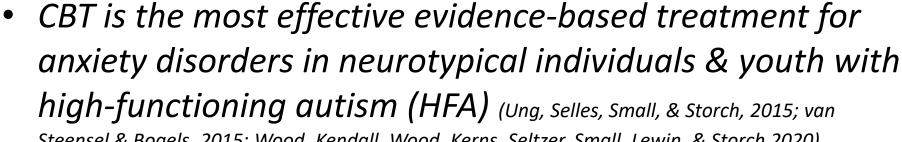
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What is Anxiety?



Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT)

- Addressing Thoughts
 - Psychoeducation
 - Cognitive Restructuring
- Addressing Behaviors
 - Creating a Fear-and-Avoidance Hierarchy
 - Gradual Exposure*
 - Positive Reinforcement
- Addressing Feelings
 - Relaxation





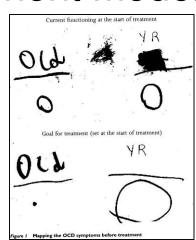


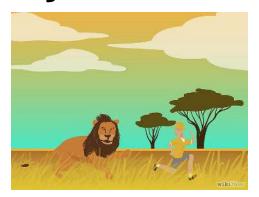


Psychoeducation

Information about nature of anxiety

- Define anxiety
- Normalize anxiety
- Anxiety has a function or purpose
- Externalize anxiety
- Explain 3-component model
- Explain rationale for treatment
 - e.g., habituation





Sometimes, though,
the fire alarm will go off
even when there is no fire
because the fire alarm is
broken or not working right or
is turned up too much.





Cognitive Restructuring

Challenging anxious thoughts

- Do I know for certain that _____?
- Do I have a crystal ball?
- What evidence do I have that _____?
- Is there another explanation for _____?
- What is the worst thing that can happen? How bad is that? How can I cope with that?

Coping self-talk/"Boss-back" talk

- I've done this before, so I can do it again.
- -I can handle this!
- My brain is just stuck right now; I don't have to listen to it!
- My anxiety will pass; I'll get used to it.

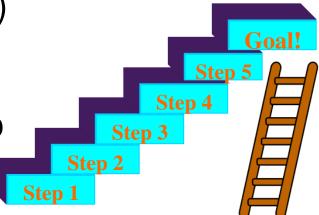
The spider probably won't crawl on me and, even if it does, what's the worst that can happen? I'll just swat it.



*Give fear/anxiety a name!

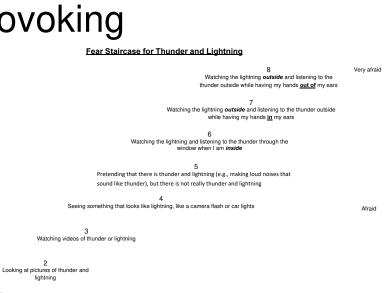
Gradual Exposure

- Face your fears (a little at a time)
 - Learn that you will get used to it
 - Learn that feared consequences do not come true (behavioral experiment)



- Fear Ladder (fear-and-avoidance hierarchy)
 - Gradually confront anxiety-provoking situations from easy to hard

Gradual exposure is the CORE component in CBT or behavioral intervention for anxiety



Not afraid

Sunny day

Reinforcement

- Reinforce BRAVE behavior!
 - Reward your child for doing something that is hard for him/her!



- What is reinforcing for your child?
 - Social rewards (positive attention)
 - Tangible rewards (e.g., toy, treat)
 - Activity rewards/privileges
- Reinforce partial success or attempts

Joey's Reward Chart

He still faces his fears and saves his friends



what it means to be brave... facing your fears even though you are afraid

You will earn stickers for being brave... for talking to people even though it feels scary sometimes. Tell yourself, "I can do it! I can be brave!"

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Ask a question = 1 sticker + eye contact () = 1 sticker + loud voice () = 1 sticker							
Answer a question + eye contact () () () () () () () () () (
Tell a story + eye contact () = 1 sticker + loud voice () = 1 sticker							

Joey's Rewards:

- Drawing or coloring = __ stickers
- Reading picture books = __ stickers
- Choose a DVD or movie to watch = __ stickers Print out pictures of characters = stickers
- Choose a YouTube clip to watch = stickers Making a cupcake game on Iphone = __ stickers
- McDonalds happy meal = __ stickers
- Scooter = __ stickers

Relaxation

Belly Breathing

- Example: Blowing up a Balloon



 Take slow, deep breath in, and the balloon fills up with air (count to 3 as child inhales)

 Let the air slowly out of the balloon...it gets smaller (count to 3 as child exhales)

Progressive Muscle Relaxation

- Tighten fist to the count of 5
- Relax fist to the count of 5
 - focusing on the relaxed warm feeling in your hand,
 - following it into your arm,
 - and continuing to follow it as it works its way through your body
- Continue, focusing on 2-3 muscle groups

*Caution: Important that relaxation doesn't become another distraction technique that child uses to avoid anxiety; anxiety is not harmful and can be tolerated (Farrell, Ollendick, & Muris, 2019)

Modifications to CBT for Treating Anxiety in Individuals with ASD

- Increase structure & predictability in delivering treatment components
 - Use concrete and visual teaching strategies
- Extra modules for ASD-specific difficulties
- Increase focus on generalization
 - Increase parental involvement
- Incorporate children's "special interests"











Modifications for ASD: Cognitive Restructuring

- Concrete & visual teaching strategies
 - Cognitive components de-emphasized or modified to meet developmental level
 - Psychoeducation & cognitive restructuring conveyed using VISUAL aids (e.g., Social Stories, illustrations, lists with pictures, reward charts), modeling, video modeling, & role-playing





At first, when Mom says "I don't know" or "I can't tell you," I will feel scared. But, after a while, I will be less scared. Then, after a while longer, I won't be scared anymore.

I will see that my anxiety goes down after a while, even if mom doesn't answer me.





Modifications for ASD: Gradual Exposure

- Incorporate perseverative interests (special interests)
- Pair anxiety-provoking stimuli with highly positive stimuli (counterconditioning)
- Incorporate video modeling or video priming
- Incorporate Functional
 Communication Training (FCT)
- Increase parental involvement; most likely need parents to implement positive reinforcement (e.g., Reward Chart)





Moskowitz et al. (2017)

Positive Behavior Support (PBS) Prevention Strategies

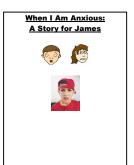
(to Prevent or Mitigate Problem Behavior Related to Anxiety in ASD & DD)

Increase PREDICTABILITY

Visual Schedules



- Social Stories



Advanced Warnings(e.g., timers, countdowns)









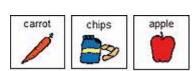
Priming (previewing future events)



Positive Behavior Support (PBS) Prevention Strategies

(to Prevent or Mitigate Problem Behavior Related to Anxiety in ASD & DD)

- Provide CHOICES
 - > Enhances sense of control





- > Child learns to become an active participant, rather than a passive, helpless bystander
- Increases motivation to participate & behave well









Resources: Books

Written for Parents of Children without ASD or DD (but should still be useful for youth with ASD or DD):

- Freeing Your Child From Anxiety, by Tamar Chansky, Ph.D.
- Freeing Your Child from Obsessive Compulsive Disorder, by Tamar Chansky, Ph.D.
- You and Your Anxious Child, by Anne Marie Albano, Ph.D.
- Helping Your Anxious Child, by Ronald Rapee, Ph.D., Ann Wignall, Susan Spence, Vanessa Cobham, and Heidi Lyneham

Designed for Children with ASD and their Parents:

• Facing Your Fears: Group Therapy for Managing Anxiety in Children With High-Functioning Autism Spectrum Disorders / Facilitator's Manual / Parent Workbook / Child Workbook, by: Judy Reaven Ph.D., Audrey Blakely-Smith Ph.D., Shana Nichols Ph.D., Susan Hepburn Ph.D.

Resources: Websites

- Child and Adolescent Anxiety Disorders Clinic at Temple University <u>www.childanxiety.org</u>
- Children's and Adult Center for OCD and Anxiety: <u>www.worrywisekids.org</u>
- The Child Anxiety Network: <u>www.childanxiety.net</u>
- Association for Behavioral & Cognitive
 - Therapies: www.abct.org
- Anxiety Disorders Association of America: www.adaa.org
- Parent Training Resources:
 http://www.copingcatparents.com/

"I Can Relax" CD by Dr. Donna Pincus http://www.childanxiety. net/I Can Relax! CD fo r Children.htm